

PHILOSOPHY (CODE NO. 22)

PAPER – I

Metaphysics and Epistemology

Candidates will be expected to be familiar with the following western and Indian theories of epistemology and Metaphysics.

1. Western

- (1) Rationalism - Descartes , Spinoza , Leibnitz
- (2) Empiricism - Locke, Berkeley, Hume
- (3) Critical Philosophy – Kant
- (4) Idealism - Hegel
- (5) Realism - Moore
- (6) Pragmatism - William James
- (7) Logical Positivism - A.J. Ayer
- (8) Existentialism - kierkegaard and Sartre
- (9) Theories of Truth - Correspondence, Coherence and Pragmatic.

2. Indian

- (1) Carvaka - Theory of Knowledge , Materialism
- (2) Jainism - Theory of Syadvada
- (3) Bondage and liberation.
- (4) Buddhism - Pratitya Samputpada, Ksanikvada, Nairatmya vada, Four Noble Truths.
- (5) Samkhya - Prakriti , Purusa , Theory of Causation , Theory of Evolution
- (6) Yoga - Astanga yoga
- (7) Nyaya - Prama , Pramana, God, Liberation.
- (8) Vaisesika - Categories, theory of Causation
- (9) Mimamsa - Theory of Knowledge
- (10) Vedanta - Brahman, Isvara, Atman, Jiva, Jagat Maya, Avidya , Moksha (Samkara and Ramanuja)
- (11) Shankar's Anirvachaniya Theory of Error

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PAPER - II

Socio-Political Philosophy and Philosophy of Religion

1. Socio-Political Philosophy

- (1) Socio-Political values - Equality, justice, liberty and scientific temper.
- (2) Marriage, family and gender equality.
- (3) Study of following ideologies:
Democracy socialism, fascism, communism, terrorism and sarvodaya.
- (4) Theories of punishment.

2. Philosophy of Religion

- (1) Religion, science and morality.
- (2) God, proofs of His existence.
- (3) Nature of religious experience, reason, revelation and mysticism.
- (4) Problem of evil.
- (5) Bondage and liberation.
- (6) Religious tolerance and secularism.